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TITLE 12. NATURAL RESOURCES CHAPTER 17. ARIZONA NAVIGABLE STREAMBED ADJUDICATION COMMISSION

ARTICLE 1 HEARINGS

R12-17-101.	Definitions
R12-17-102.	Scope of Rules and Waiver Repeal
R12-17-103.	Filing and Service of Papers Hearing Log
R12-17-104.	Computation of Time
R12-17-105.	Petition to Modify Priorities
R12-17-106.	Notice of Hearing on Watercourse Navigability Repeal
R12-17-106.01	Evidenc e
R12-17-106.02	Notice of Appearance as a Party
R12-17-106.03	Practice Before the Commission
R12-17-107.	Conduct of Hearings
R12-17-107.1	Recording of Hearings
R12-17-108.	Appearance and Practice Before the Commission Repeal
R12-17-108.01	Post-hearing Legal Memoranda
R12-17-109.	Extension of Time
R12-17-110.	Conferences and Procedural Orders Repeal
R12-17-111.	Evidence Repeal
R12-17-112.	Decisions Final Determinations
R12-17-113.	Judicial Review

R12-17-101. Definitions

In this Chapter:

- A. "Attorney General" means the duly elected, qualified and acting Attorney General and his duly appointed assistants.
- 1. "Aggrieved Person" means a person who disagrees with the priorities established by the Commission for holding hearings under A.R.S. § 37-1123(E).
- 2. "Chairperson" means the Chairperson or <u>during</u> his <u>or her</u> absence, the Vice Chairperson of the Arizona Navigable Stream Adjudication Commission.

- 3. "Close date" means the date on which the Commission completes all action relating to the navigability or non-navigability of a watercourse including Commission hearings, filing of post-hearing legal memoranda, determinations relating to public trust values, and court decisions relating to appeals of Commission determinations.
- 4. "Commission" means the Arizona Navigable Stream Adjudication Commission established by A.R.S. § 37-1121.
- 5. "Determination date" means the date on which the Commission determines a watercourse was navigable or non-navigable on February 14, 1912.
- 6. "Hearing" means either a hearing to determine the navigability or non-navigability of a watercourse or watercourses, or a hearing to determine the public trust values associated with a watercourse or watercourses.
- 7. "Hearing date" means the date on which a hearing is held before the Commission.
- 8. "Open date" means the date on which the Commission sets a hearing regarding the navigability or non-navigability of a watercourse on February 14, 1912.
- 9. "Party" means the State Land Department and any person who has filed a notice of appearance with the Commission within the time prescribed by these rules.
 - a. A person who signs the Commission "Sign-In Sheet" at a particular hearing, and who designates by checking the appropriate box on the "Sign-In-Sheet" that he or she is appearing as a party.
 - b. A person who notifies the Commission in writing on or prior to the hearing date that he or she wishes to be a party.
 - c. A person who files a post hearing opening legal memorandum and/or response legal memorandum in accordance with these rules.
- 10. "Person" means any public or private corporation, company, partnership, firm, association, club, or organization; the federal government and any of its agencies and departments; the state and any of its agencies and departments or political subdivisions; an Indian tribe or tribal organization; and a natural person.

R12-17-102. Scope of Rules and Waiver Repeal

These rules shall be liberally construed to secure just and speedy determination of all matters presented to the Commission. If good cause appears, the Commission or Chairperson may waive application of these rules when waiver would not conflict with the law and would not affect substantial interests of the parties.

R12-17-103. Filing and service of papers Hearing Log

- A. Filing with the Commission. All papers required or permitted to be filed with the Commission in any proceeding shall be submitted with the Secretary of the Commission. Filing may be accomplished by mail addressed to the Secretary of the Arizona Navigable Stream Commission, Arizona State Land Department, 1616 West Adams, Phoenix, Arizona 85007. Filings shall not be timely unless the papers are received by the Secretary within the time fixed for filing, except if filing is made by mailing, then filing shall be deemed timely if the papers are postmarked prior to midnight of the day fixed for filing.
- B. Number of copies. Unless otherwise specifically provided by a particular rule or order of the Commission, an original and five copies of all papers shall be filed with the Secretary.
- C. Service of all papers. Unless otherwise specifically provided by a particular rule or order of the Commission, copies of all papers filed by any party shall, at or before the time of filing, be served on all parties to the proceeding. Service on a party represented by counsel shall be made on counsel.
- D. Manner of service. Service of all papers under these rules (except subpoenas which must be personally served) shall be made by personal service or by mail to the last known address.
- E. Docket of proceedings. A docket of all proceedings shall be maintained by the Secretary and each proceeding shall be assigned a number and all papers filed in such proceeding shall be entered in the docket.
- A. The Commission shall maintain a hearing log as a record of all Commission hearings, and shall assign a hearing number to each hearing the Commission sets regarding a particular watercourse.
- B. The hearing log shall include a hearing number, open date, hearing name, determination date, and close date.

R12-17-104. Computation of Time

In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these rules, or by order of the Commission, or by any applicable statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed shall be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day. When a period of time prescribed or allowed is less than seven days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays shall be excluded in the computation.

All times shall be computed by following Rule 6(a) of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure.

R12-17-105. Petition to Modify Priorities

- A. When a petition to modify the priorities established by the Commission pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1123(D) has been filed with the Commission, the matter shall be noticed for consideration at the next Commission meeting.
- B. The petition shall state the petitioner's name, mailing address and telephone number and shall identify with specificity the watercourse or reach sought to be granted expedited consideration. The petition shall state the petitioner's position regarding each of the factors the Commission must consider in setting priorities pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1123(D).
- C. Any person may oppose or support the petition to modify priorities when the petition is before the Commission on the agenda. At such time as the Chairperson may designate, each person desiring to be heard shall give his name, address and telephone number and shall state his position for the record. If any attorney, other than the Attorney General, appears on behalf of a client, he shall advise the Commission of his name, address and telephone number and give the same information regarding the person on whose behalf he appears and presents a position.
- D. The Commission shall grant or deny the petition on the record and shall state the reasons therefore.
- A. A person who is aggrieved by the undetermined navigability status of a watercourse may petition the Commission to modify the hearing priorities established by the Commission under A.R.S. § 37-1123(E) at any time prior to the date for which the hearing is scheduled for the watercourse the aggrieved person believes should commence at an earlier date.
- B. Within 30 days following receipt of a petition, the Commission shall meet to consider the petition and determine whether to modify the priorities.

R12-17-106. Notice of Hearing on Watercourse Navigability Repeal

- A. At least 60 days before any public hearing under A.R.S. § 37–1126(B), the Commission shall serve notice to each record owner or lessee of property located within the bed of a watercourse or a reach of a watercourse that is the subject matter of the hearing, and to any person who has requested a notice of hearing on the subject watercourse, by mail addressed to the last known post office address.
- B. The notice by publication required pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1126(B) shall be published for three consecutive weeks.
- C. In addition to the matters included in a notice of hearing issued pursuant to A.R.S. §41–1061(B), the Commission shall include a statement directing any person intending to appear as a party at the hearing to comply with the requirements of R12–17–108.

R12-17-106.01. Evidence

- A. <u>The Commission shall maintain all documentary and other physical evidence submitted in connection with each hearing.</u>
- B. All persons who submit evidence to the Commission shall do so in accordance with A.R.S. § 37-1123.
- C. The Commission shall consider all physical evidence submitted to the Commission prior to August 9, 2002 that relates to the navigability or non-navigability of a particular watercourse or watercourses to be admitted as evidence, and such evidence does not need to be resubmitted.
- D. Persons are encouraged to submit physical evidence to the Commission in person or by mail addressed to the Commission office, on or before the date published under A.R.S. § 37-1123(B)(3), however, evidence may be submitted as late as at the hearing for which the evidence is intended.
- E. Any person may review physical evidence that has been submitted for a hearing, and may arrange to have copies made, at the requestor's expense, of those items that can be copied.
- F. A person who objects to the admission or exclusion of an item of physical evidence shall make the objection on the record at the public hearing at which the item of evidence is offered, following which the Commission shall either admit the evidence, decline to admit the evidence, or take the matter under advisement for later determination.
- G. The Commission Chair shall announce the time at each hearing following which physical evidence and testimony will no longer be accepted for consideration by the Commission for that hearing.
- H. All testimony and physical evidence should be relevant to the matter being heard.
- I. Wherever possible, all documentary evidence submitted to the Commission shall be submitted to the Commission single-sided and on 8½x11 inch paper.
- J. <u>PowerPoint and other computer generated hearing presentations shall be submitted to the Commission as a paper printout of the presentation slides as part of the physical evidence submission.</u>
- K. An original and seven copies of documentary evidence shall be submitted to the Commission.
- L. All physical evidence accepted by the Commission, including but not limited to maps, charts, photographs and transparencies, and audio tapes and video tapes, are the property of the Commission and of the State of Arizona.

R12-17-106.02. Notice of Appearance as a Party

A person may appear as a party regarding a particular hearing either by providing notice to the Commission in writing prior to or at the hearing that he or she wishes to appear as a party, by appearing at the hearing and completing the appropriate information on the hearing "Sign-In-Form" that relates to appearing as a party, or by filing a post hearing opening legal memorandum and/or response legal memorandum in accordance with the se rules.

`R12-17-106.03. Practice Before the Commission

- A. The Commission shall provide an opportunity for public comment at each of its public meetings. A person who comments at a Commission meeting shall limit the comment to an item that is on the meeting agenda and for a time established by the Chairperson.
- B. The Chairperson may exclude any person from a hearing or meeting if the person disrupts or obstructs a hearing, or willfully refuses to comply with an order of the Chairperson.

R12-17-107. Conduct of Hearings

- A. The Chairperson shall regulate the course of the hearing in an impartial manner. The Commission may consult with the Attorney General during the hearing. The Chairperson and all parties may question witnesses in the order determined by the Commission or the Chairperson.
- B. Transcription of hearings. All hearing shall be electronically recorded, or the Chairperson may, at the request a party or on his own motion, order the hearing to be stenographically reported. The original transcript of the official record of any hearing, if available, or the original tape of the electronic record, if not transcribed, shall be filed with the Commission as a part of the record.
- C. Filing of motions. Motions calling for a determination of any matter of law shall be submitted with the Commission in writing. Any party may file a written opposition to such motion within seven days, unless otherwise ordered by the Chairperson. The Chairperson may permit oral motions during a hearing.
- D. Rulings on motions. The Chairperson may rule on procedural motions but all other motions must be ruled upon by the Commission as a whole.
- E. Consolidation. By order of the Chairperson, proceedings involving a common question of law or fact may be consolidated for hearing of any or all matters in issue where such consolidation may tend to avoid unnecessary cost or delay.

- A. The Chairperson shall conduct each hearing in an impartial manner.
- B. A party may appear at a Commission hearing on its own behalf or by counsel. A partnership may appear through a partner or attorney. A company, firm, association, club, or organization may appear through a designated officer or attorney. A federal, state, county, or local government agency may appear through its attorney or other official who may legally represent the agency.
- C. The Chairperson may exclude incompetent, irrelevant, or unduly repetitious testimony and documentary or other physical evidence. If any Commissioner objects to a ruling regarding the exclusion of evidence, then the entire Commission shall vote on the ruling.
- D. The Commission may consult with its attorney during a hearing.
- E. Any person who testifies at a hearing has the right to be represented by counsel.
- F. <u>The Chairperson shall determine the order in which persons will testify and may establish time limits for testimony.</u>
- G. The Chairperson, all other Commission members, the Commission attorney, and all parties present or their attorneys, may question witnesses who testify at a hearing in the order and for a duration determined by the Chairperson.
- H. <u>The Chairperson may rule on procedural motions</u>. <u>If any Commissioner objects to a ruling on a procedural motion</u>, then the entire Commission shall vote on the motion.
- I. A motion involving matters of law or fact shall be ruled on by the Commission as a whole.
- J. By order of the Chairperson, proceedings involving a common question of law or fact may be consolidated for hearing if the consolidation may tend to avoid unnecessary cost or delay.

R12-17-107.1. Record of Hearings

- A. Each hearing will be either audio tape recorded or recorded by a court reporter when it is practical to do so. As part of the hearing record the Commission shall retain the original audio tape recordings and/or the court reporter's transcript of the hearing, where either method is used.
- B. A person may obtain duplicate copies of audio tape recordings of a hearing by requesting a copy of the audio tapes and by supplying the Commission an appropriate number and type of blank audio tapes.
- C. A person may obtain a copy of a court reporter transcript by making arrangements directly with the court reporter.
- D. The Commission will not provide a transcript of hearing audio tape recordings.

R12-17-108. Appearance and Practice Before the Commission Repeal

- A. A person may appear in a hearing in his own behalf or by counsel. A partnership may appear through a partner; other organizations may appear through a designated officer, and the Department may appear through a designated officer or its attorney.
- B. At least 30 days prior to the date set for hearing, any person notified of the hearing by mail who intends to appear and participate in the hearing shall file with the Commission and serve on the Department a notice of appearance and intention to participate. A person notified by publication shall file and serve such notice no later than five days after the last publication date of the notice of hearing. All notices filed pursuant to this rule shall state the name, address and telephone number of the person filing the notice and of his attorney, if represented, and a concise statement of the position taken regarding navigability of the watercourse and the public trust values associated therewith.
- C. The notice of appearance shall include the following information:
 - 1. A list of all witnesses to be called to testify on behalf of the party and a summary of the testimony to be given by each witness; and
 - 2. An index identifying all exhibits to be offered on behalf of the party.
- D. Two bound and indexed copies of all documentary exhibits shall be filed with the notice of appearance. Within the filing deadlines specified in subsection (B) above, any person may file and serve the parties with a notice of filing documents and provide the Commission with two bound and indexed copies of documents for consideration by the Commission. Copies of Exhibits are not required to be served on other parties but may be examined and copies requested during regular hours of business. Without filing a notice of appearance or copies of exhibits, the Department may call as a witness any consultant or staff member who is identified as having participated in collecting and documenting the evidence transmitted to the Commission and may rely on any document transmitted to the Commission pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1125. If the Department intends to call additional witnesses or to offer exhibits in addition to those provided pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1124(B), it shall meet the requirements placed on persons appearing after notice by mail. Any party may file a list of rebuttal witnesses and two bound and indexed copies of rebuttal exhibits five days prior to the date of hearing.
- E. Order of appearance. The Chairperson shall designate the order in which parties shall introduce their evidence.
- F. Other appearances. Notwithstanding other provisions of these rules, the Chairperson may provide any person an opportunity to make a statement on matters relevant and material to the issues being addressed at the hearing at a time designated by the Chairperson. Such statements shall be under oath or affirmation and subject to cross examination. All parties shall be provided an opportunity to rebut statements and documentary filings of nonparties.

G. Improper conduct. Conduct at any hearing which in the discretion of the Commission is deemed improper shall be grounds for exclusion from the hearing. Improper conduct includes willful noncompliance with an order of the Chairperson and willful disruption or obstruction of any hearing.

R12-17-108.01. Post-hearing Legal Memoranda

- A. After hearing all testimony, the Chairperson shall declare the hearing concluded for receipt of testimony or other evidence. Each party has 30 days from the conclusion of the hearing to file an opening legal memorandum with the Commission setting forth its arguments. A party shall serve a copy of its opening legal memorandum upon all other parties to the hearing, and shall file proof of service with the Commission. If the Commission does not receive any timely filed opening legal memoranda, it shall deem the matter to be at issue.
- B. A party may file a response legal memorandum with the Commission within 20 days after service of the opening legal memorandum. A party shall serve a copy of its response legal memorandum upon all other parties appearing before the Commission at the hearing, and shall file proof of service with the Commission. If the Commission does not receive any timely filed response legal memoranda, it shall deem the matter to be at issue.
- C. Except by permission of the Commission an opening legal memorandum may not exceed 25 typewritten pages and a response legal memorandum may not exceed 15 typewritten pages.

R12-17-109. Extension of Time

On the Chairperson's own motion or a party's motion, the Chairperson may <u>extend</u> <u>waive or change</u> any time limits prescribed by these rules or may postpone the commencement of <u>or continue</u> a hearing to a <u>future</u> date and <u>time or different</u> location for good cause, except as otherwise provided by law.

R12-17-110. Conferences and Procedural Orders Repeal

The Chairperson, on application of a party or on his own motion and upon written notice to all parties, may issue and sign procedural orders without convening the Commission. In his discretion, a conference may be held with the parties prior to any ruling on any procedural matter.

R12-17-111. Evidence Repeal

- A. Presentation and admission of evidence. All witnesses at the hearing shall testify under oath or affirmation. Parties shall have the right to be represented by counsel and present oral or documentary evidence and conduct cross examination. The Commission shall receive relevant, probative, and material evidence and the Chairperson shall rule upon offers of proof. Objection to the admission or exclusion of evidence must be made on the record and shall state the grounds upon which the objection is based. The Chairperson may limit and exclude all irrelevant, immaterial or unduly repetitious evidence.
- B. Rules of evidence. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41–1062(A), the Chairperson may conduct a hearing in an informal matter and without adherence to the rules of evidence required in judicial proceedings.
- C. Discovery. Parties do not have the right to conduct discovery for the presentation of evidence except as otherwise provided for in A.R.S. § 41–1062(A)(4) and this rule.
- D. Official notice. The Commission may take official notice of any matter that might be judicially noticed by a superior court of the state of Arizona, any matter in the public official records of the Department, or any matter that is peculiarly within the knowledge of the Department as an expert body.

E. Subpoenas and motions to quash.

- 1. In connection with any hearing, the Chairperson, upon written application of a party or on his own motion, may issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of documentary or other tangible evidence, or both.
- 2. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41–1062(A)(4), the Chairperson, on written application of a party or on the Commission's motion, may permit a deposition to be taken. No deposition may exceed four hours absent express authorization from the Chairperson.
- 3. Any application for a subpoena or to take a deposition shall state:
 - a. The case number and the time and place where the witness is expected to appear and testify;
 - b. The name and address of the witness;
 - c. With reasonable particularity, the documents or other tangible evidence, if any, sought; and

- d. Shall include a showing that the facts sought to be established are relevant, material and not unduly repetitious. An application to take a deposition shall also include a showing that the testimony or materials sought cannot otherwise be obtained through reasonable efforts.
- 4. Process issued by the Chairperson may be served by such person and in such manner as authorized by the Arizona Revised Statutes.
- 5. Any person to whom a subpoena is directed may, prior to the time specified therein for compliance but in no event more than five days after the date of service of such subpoena, move the Chairperson to quash or modify the subpoena, accompanying such motion with a brief statement of reasons therefor. The Chairperson shall then rule on the motion to quash.

R12-17-112. Decisions Final Determinations

- A. Final determination. Except as otherwise provided by law, within 30 days after the conclusion of a hearing conducted pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1128(A), the Commission shall render a decision in writing and shall include findings of fact and conclusions of law that clearly state the basis and reasoning for the decision. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 37–1128(A), all decisions of the Commission shall be final and there shall be no right to rehearing before the Commission.
- B. initial notice of final determination. In addition to immediately notifying the Department as required by A.R.S. § 37–1128(B), the Commission shall provide a copy of its final determination to all parties and may provide copies of its final determination to any person who has requested a copy of the final determination from the Commission. No deadline for seeking judicial review established by A.R.S. § 37–1129(A) shall be affected by any notice provided by the Commission.
- A. <u>Based on the preponderance of the evidence, the Commission shall make a final</u> determination of navigability regarding each watercourse under A.R.S. § 37-1128.
- B. Within 90 days after final determination that a watercourse was navigable under A.R.S. § 37-1128 the Commission shall hold a hearing regarding any public trust values associated with the watercourse.
- C. A hearing to determine public trust values shall proceed under these rules for all hearings.
- D. Following each hearing related to public trust values the Commission shall issue a public report of the public trust values determined to be associated with the watercourse.

R12-17-113. Judicial Review

A.R.S. § 37-1129 governs judicial review of each determination of navigability or non-navigability and of each public report of public trust values made by the Commission.